

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

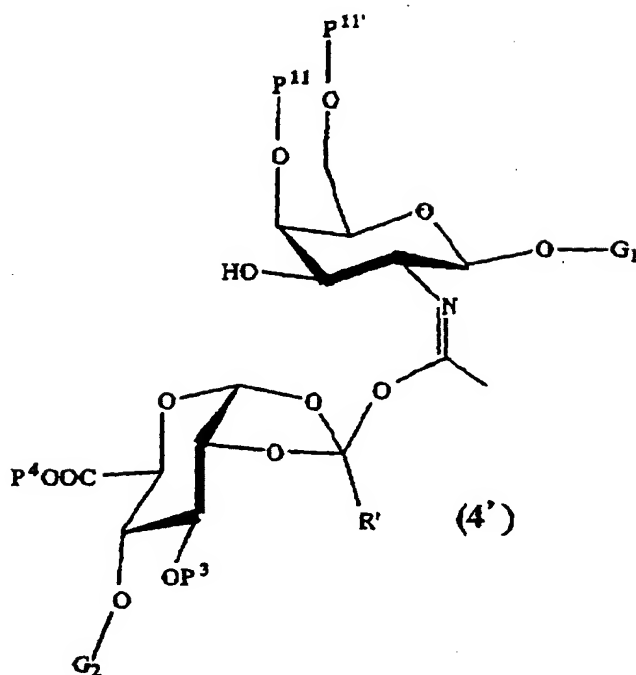
This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

LISTING OF CLAIMS:

1. (original): A process for preparing an oligoglycosaminoglycan or a intermediate thereof, wherein the process comprises:

a step (A) of subjecting (A-1) a sugar donor having a glucuronic acid or iduronic acid derivative at the reducing end in which a leaving group is added to the reducing end hydroxyl group to be glycosylated and the other hydroxyl groups and the carboxyl groups are protected to the glycosylation reaction with (A-2) a sugar acceptor having a N-acetylgalactosamine derivative at the non-reducing end in which the non-reducing end hydroxyl group to be glycosylated is free and the other hydroxyl groups are protected in the presence of (A-3) a Lewis acid as a promoter which is an activator for the leaving group of the sugar donor.

2. (original): The process according to claim 1, wherein the intermediate is represented by the following general formula (4'):



wherein R' is selected from the group consisting of an alkyl group, an alkenyl group, an aralkyl group and an aryl group;

P³ is selected from the group consisting of a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkenyl group, an aralkyl group, an aryl group and a silyl group optionally substituted with an alkyl group or an alkoxy group;

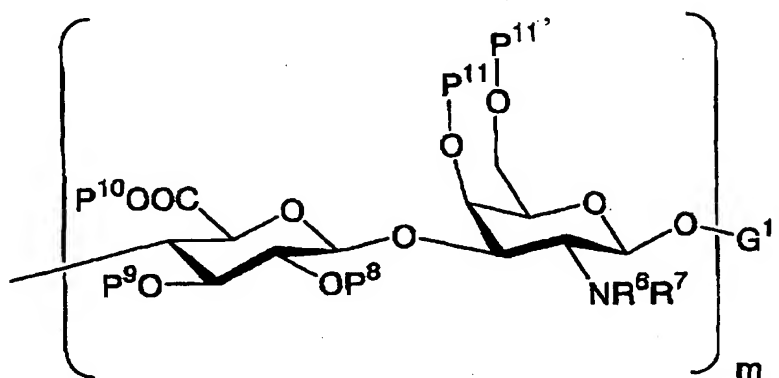
P⁴ is selected from the group consisting of an alkyl group, an alkenyl group and an aralkyl group;

P¹¹ and P^{11'} are the same or independently selected from the group consisting of a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkenyl group, an aralkyl group, an aryl group, a silyl group optionally substituted with an alkyl group or an alkoxy group and an alkylidene group and include one in which the two thereof are cross-linked; and

G¹ is selected from the group consisting of a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an aralkyl

group, an alkenyl group, an aryl group and a compound represented by the following general formula (4-1):

(4-1)



wherein m is an integer of 0 to 4;

R^6 and R^7 are the same or independently selected from the group consisting of a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkenyl group, an acyl group and a phthaloyl group;

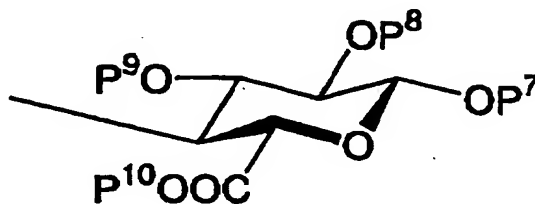
P^8 and P^9 are the same or independently selected from the group consisting of a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkenyl group, an aralkyl group, an aryl group, an acyl group and a silyl group optionally substituted with an alkyl group or an alkoxy group;

P^{10} is selected from the group consisting of an alkyl group, an alkenyl group and an aralkyl group;

P^{11} and $P^{11'}$ are the same or independently selected from the group consisting of a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkenyl group, an aralkyl group, an aryl group, a silyl group optionally substituted with an alkyl group or an alkoxy group and an alkylidene group and include one in which the two thereof are cross-linked; and

G^{1'} is selected from the group consisting of a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkenyl group, an aralkyl group, an aryl group and a compound represented by the following general formula (4-1'):

(4-1')

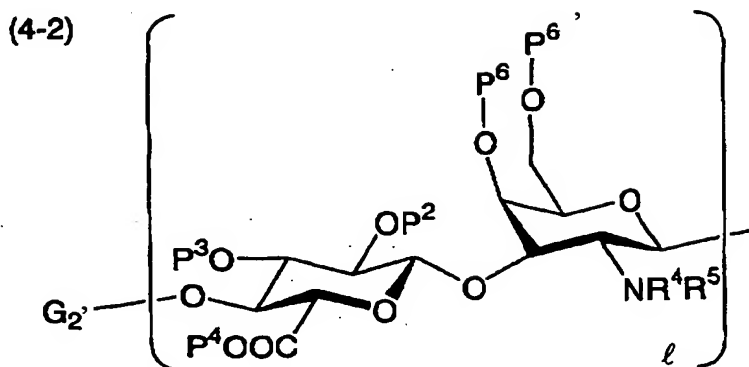


wherein P⁷ is selected from the group consisting of an alkyl group, an aralkyl group, an alkenyl group and an aryl group;

P⁸ and P⁹ are the same or independently selected from the group consisting of a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkenyl group, an aralkyl group, an aryl group, an acyl group and a silyl group optionally substituted with an alkyl group or an alkoxy group; and

P¹⁰ is selected the group consisting of an alkyl group, an alkenyl group and an aralkyl group; and

G² is selected from the group consisting of a hydrogen atom, an alkenyl group, an acyl group, an aralkyl group, a silyl group optionally substituted with an alkyl group or an alkoxy group and a compound represented by the following general formula (4-2):



wherein λ is an integer of 0 to 4;

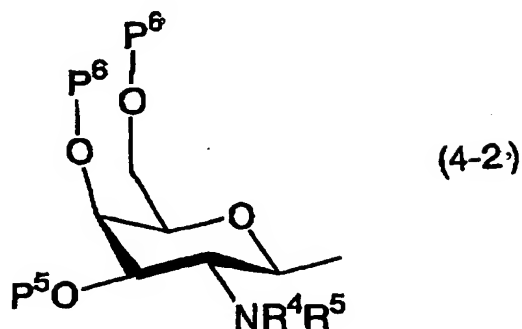
R^4 and R^5 are the same or independently selected from the group consisting of a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkenyl group, an acyl group and a phthaloyl group;

P^2 and P^3 are the same or independently selected from the group consisting of a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkenyl group, an aralkyl group, an aryl group and a silyl group optionally substituted with an alkyl group or an alkoxy group;

P^4 is selected from the group consisting of an alkyl group, an alkenyl group and an aralkyl group;

P^6 and $P^{6'}$ are the same or independently selected from the group consisting of a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkenyl group, an aralkyl group, an aryl group, a silyl group optionally substituted with an alkyl group or an alkoxy group and an alkylidene group; and

$G2'$ is selected from the group consisting of a hydrogen atom, an alkenyl group, an acyl group, an aralkyl group, a silyl group optionally substituted with an alkyl group or an alkoxy group and a compound represented by the following general formula (4-2'):

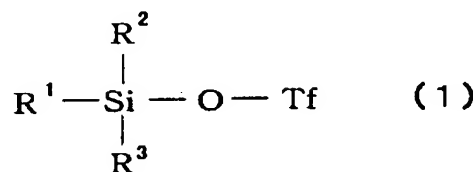


wherein R^4 and R^5 are the same or independently selected from the group consisting of a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkenyl group, an acyl group and a phthaloyl group;

P^5 is selected from the group consisting of an alkenyl group, an acyl group, an aralkyl group and a silyl group optionally substituted with an alkyl group or an alkoxy group; and

P^6 and $P^{6'}$ are the same or independently selected from the group consisting of a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkenyl group, an aralkyl group, an aryl group, a silyl group optionally substituted with an alkyl group or an alkoxy group and an alkylidene group.

3. (currently amended): The process according to claim 1-~~or~~2, wherein the promoter is a compound represented by the following general formula (1):



wherein R¹, R² and R³ the same or independently represent a linear or branched alkyl group or an aromatic group unsubstituted or of which at least one of the hydrogen atoms are substituted, and Tf represents a trifluoromethanesulfonyl group.

4. (currently amended): he process according to claim 1 ~~any one of claims 1 to 3~~, wherein:

the sugar donor is a glucuronic acid or iduronic acid derivative in which a leaving group is added to the reducing end hydroxyl group to be glycosylated and the other hydroxyl groups and the carboxyl groups are protected, or an oligosaccharide derivative having as a basic constituent unit a basic disaccharide unit composed of a N-acylgalactosamine derivative and a glucuronic acid or iduronic acid derivative in which a leaving group is added to the reducing end hydroxyl group to be glycosylated and the other hydroxyl groups and the carboxyl groups are protected; and

the sugar acceptor is a glucuronic acid or iduronic acid derivative in which the non-reducing end hydroxyl group to be glycosylated is free and the other hydroxyl groups and the carboxyl groups are protected, or an oligosaccharide derivative having as a basic constituent unit a N-acylgalactosamine derivative and a glucuronic acid or iduronic acid derivative in which the reducing end hydroxyl group to be glycosylated is free and the other hydroxyl groups and the carboxyl groups are protected.

5. (currently amended): The process according to claim 1 ~~any one of claims 1 to 4~~, further comprising the steps of:

(B) eliminating one protecting group of the non-reducing end of the oligosaccharide derivative obtained in the above step (A), and

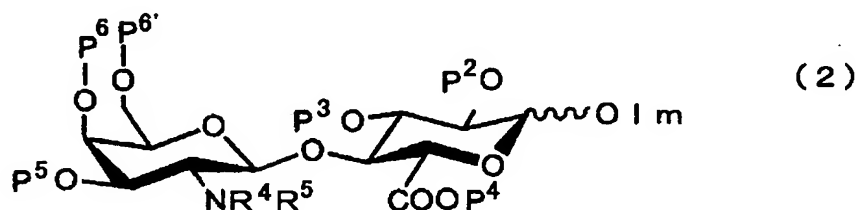
(C) subjecting the oligosaccharide derivative from which the one protecting group is eliminated to the glycosylation reaction with the sugar acceptor in the presence of the promoter; and

after the step (A), repeating these steps in an intended number of times within 1 to

8.

6. (currently amended): The process according to claim 1 ~~any one of claims 1 to 5~~, wherein:

the sugar donor is a chondroitin derivative represented by the following general formula (2):



wherein R^4 and R^5 are the same or independently selected from the group consisting of a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkenyl group, an acyl group and a phthaloyl group;

Im is an imidoyl optionally substituted with a halogen;

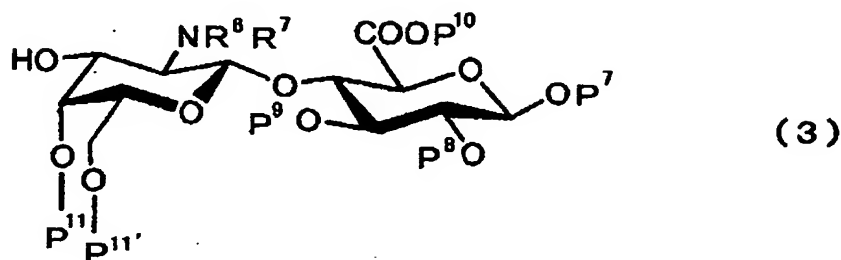
P^2 and P^3 are the same or independently selected from the group consisting of a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkenyl group, an aralkyl group, an aryl group and a silyl group optionally substituted with an alkyl group or an alkoxy group;

P^4 is selected from the group consisting of an alkyl group, an alkenyl group and an aralkyl group;

P^5 is selected from the group consisting of an alkenyl group, an acyl group, an aralkyl group and a silyl group optionally substituted with an alkyl group or an alkoxy group; and

P^6 and $P^{6'}$ are the same or independently selected from the group consisting of a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkenyl group, an aralkyl group, an aryl group, a silyl group optionally substituted with an alkyl group or an alkoxy group and an alkylidene group; and

the sugar acceptor is a reducing end glucuronic acid type chondroitin derivative represented by the following general formula (3):



wherein R^6 and R^7 are the same or independently selected from the group consisting of a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkenyl group, an acyl group and phthaloyl group;

P^7 is selected from the group consisting of an alkyl group, an aralkyl group, an alkenyl group and an aryl group;

P^8 and P^9 are the same or independently selected from the group consisting of a

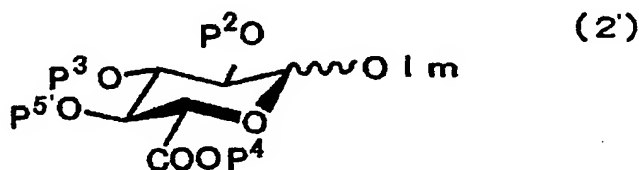
hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkenyl group, an aralkyl group, an aryl group, an acyl group and a silyl group optionally substituted with an alkyl group or an alkoxy group and an acyl group;

P¹⁰ is selected from the group consisting of an alkyl group, an alkenyl group and an aralkyl group; and

P¹¹ and P^{11'} are the same or independently selected from the group consisting of a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkenyl group, an aralkyl group, an aryl group, a silyl group optionally substituted with an alkyl group or an alkoxy group and an alkylidene group and include one in which the two thereof are cross-linked.

7. (currently amended): The process according to claim 1 ~~any one of claims 1 to 5~~, wherein:

the sugar donor is a chondroitin derivative represented by the following general formula (2'):



wherein Im is an imidoyl group optionally substituted with a halogen;

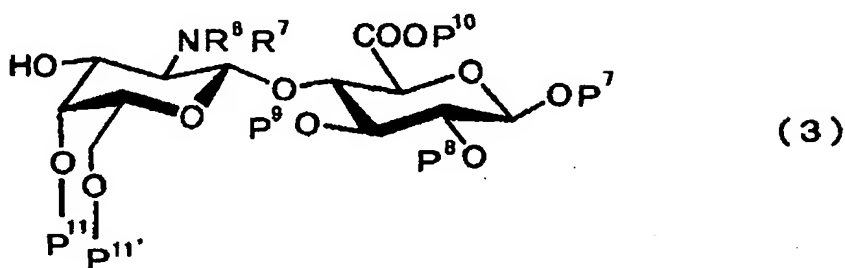
P² and P³ are the same or independently selected from the group consisting of a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkenyl group, an aralkyl group, an aryl group and a silyl group optionally substituted with an alkyl group or an alkoxy group;

P⁴ is selected from the group consisting of an alkyl group, an alkenyl group and an aralkyl group; and

P⁵ is selected from the group consisting of an alkenyl group, an acyl group, an aralkyl group and a silyl group optionally substituted with an alkyl group or an alkoxy group; and

the sugar acceptor used is a reducing end glucuronic acid type chondroitin derivative

represented by the following general formula (3):



wherein R⁶ and R⁷ are the same or independently selected from the group consisting of a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkenyl group, an acyl group and a phthaloyl group;

P⁷ is selected from the group consisting of an alkyl group, an aralkyl group, an alkenyl group and an aryl group;

P⁸ and P⁹ are the same or independently selected from the group consisting of a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkenyl group, an aralkyl group, an aryl group, an acyl group and a silyl group optionally substituted with an alkyl group or an alkoxy group and an acyl group;

P¹⁰ is selected from the group consisting of an alkyl group, an alkenyl group and an aralkyl group; and

P¹¹ and P^{11'} are the same or independently selected from the group consisting of a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkenyl group, an aralkyl group, an aryl group, a silyl group optionally substituted with an alkyl group or an alkoxy group and an alkylidene group and include

one in which the two thereof are cross-linked.

8. (currently amended): The process according to claim 1 ~~any one of claims 1 to 7~~, wherein the substituent at the 2nd position of the glucuronic acid or iduronic acid derivative in the sugar donor is protected by an acyl group which stabilizes an ortho ester.

9. (currently amended): The process according to claim 3 ~~any one of claims 3 to 8~~, wherein R^1 , R^2 and R^3 are independently a hydrogen atom, or a linear or branched alkyl group.

10. (currently amended): The process according to claim 1 ~~any one of claims 1 to 9~~, wherein the promoter is trimethylsilyl trifluoromethanesulfonate (TMSOTf).

11. (currently amended): The process according to claim 1 ~~any one of claims 1 to 10~~, wherein the steps (B) and (C) are repeated in one to five times.

12. (currently amended): The process according to claim 1 ~~any one of claims 1 to 11~~, further comprising a step (D-1) in which all the protecting groups of the oligosaccharide derivative obtained in the step (A) or (C) are eliminated.

13. (currently amended): The process according to claim 1 ~~any one of claims 1 to 11~~, further comprising a step (D-2) in which all the protecting groups of the oligosaccharide derivative obtained in the step (A) or (C) are eliminated, and each N-acylgalactosamine are selectively sulfated at the 4th and 6th positions thereof.

14. (currently amended): The process according to claim 1~~claims 1 to 11 and 13~~, wherein the sugar donor is a compound represented by the general formula (2) or (2') and the sugar acceptor is the reducing end glucuronic acid type chondroitin derivative represented by the general formula (3);

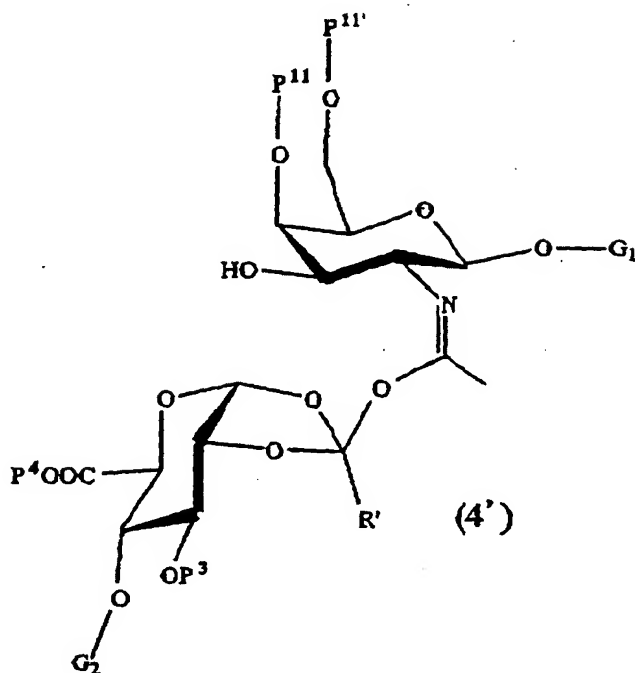
wherein, if the oligosaccharide derivative obtained in the step (A) or (C) has an N-acylgalactosamine derivative at the non-reducing end, the hydroxyl groups at a position other than the 4th and 6th positions of the N-acylgalactosamine derivative are protected with a pivaloyl group;

the groups protecting the 4th and 6th positions of each N-acylgalactosamine derivative are eliminated; and

the deprotected oligosaccharide is sulfated to selectively sulfate the 4th and 6th positions of each N-acylgalactosamine.

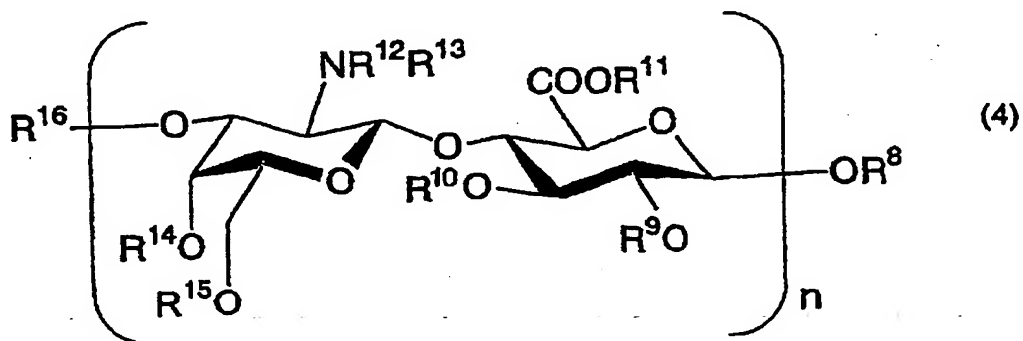
15. (original): The process according to claim 14, the protecting group is benzylidene, alkoxybenzylidene or cyclohexylidene.

16. (original): An oligoglycosaminoglycan intermediate compound represented by the general formula (4'):



wherein R' , P^3 , P^4 , P^{11} , $P^{11'}$, G^1 and G^2 are the same as those defined in claim 2.

17. (original): A reducing end glucuronic acid type oligochondroitin or a reducing end glucuronic acid type oligochondroitin sulfate, or a salt or derivative thereof represented by the following general formula (4):



wherein n is an integer of 2 to 10;

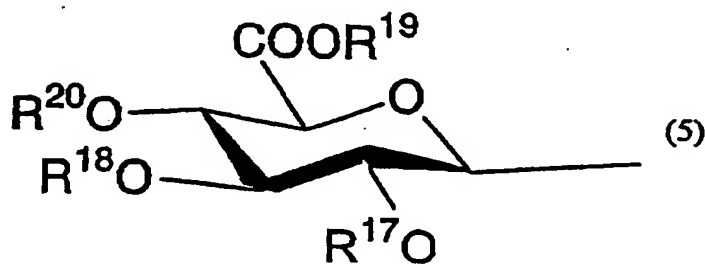
R^8 represents a hydrogen atom or a protecting group;

R^9 to R^{11} are the same or independently represent a hydrogen atom or a protecting group;

R^{12} and R^{13} are the same or independently selected from the group consisting of a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkenyl group, an acyl group and a phthaloyl group;

R^{14} and R^{15} the same or independently represent a hydrogen atom, or a sulfate or phosphate group optionally substituted with any one selected from the group consisting of sodium, potassium, copper, calcium, iron, manganese, zinc, ammonium, barium and lithium; and;

R^{16} represents a hydrogen atom, or a glucuronic acid or iduronic acid derivative represented by the following general formula (5):



wherein R^{17} , R^{18} and R^{19} represent the same or independently a hydrogen atom or a protecting group, or sodium, potassium, copper, calcium, iron, manganese, zinc, ammonium, barium or lithium; and

R^{20} represents a hydrogen atom or a protecting group.

18. (original): The reducing end glucuronic acid type oligochondroitin sulfate, or the salt or derivative thereof according to claim 17, wherein R^{14} and R^{15} are a sulfate group optionally substituted with one selected from the group consisting of sodium, potassium, copper, calcium, iron, manganese, zinc, ammonium, barium and lithium.

19. (currently amended): The reducing end glucuronic acid type oligochondroitin or a reducing end glucuronic acid type oligochondroitin sulfate, or the salt or derivative thereof according to claim 17-~~or 18~~, wherein n is 3 to 6.

20. (currently amended): A pharmaceutical composition comprising at least one selected from the group consisting of a reducing end glucuronic acid type oligochondroitin and a reducing end glucuronic acid type oligochondroitin sulfate, and the salt and derivative thereof according to claim 17~~any one of claims 17 to 19~~ together with a pharmacologically acceptable carrier.

21. (original): The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 20 for improving, treating or preventing a condition or diseases induced by a CD44 molecule.

22. (original): The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 21 for treating an autoimmune disease, arthritis, an allergic disease or a cancer, or for modulating immunity or for inducing cell differentiation or cell apoptosis.

23. (currently amended): Use of a reducing end glucuronic acid type oligochondroitin or a reducing end glucuronic acid type oligochondroitin sulfate, or a salt or derivative thereof according to claim 17~~any one of claims 17 to 19~~ for the preparation of a pharmaceutical

composition for improving, treating or preventing a condition or diseases induced by a CD44 molecule.

24. (currently amended): A method for improving, treating or preventing a condition or diseases induced by a CD44 molecule which comprise administering a reducing end glucuronic acid type oligochondroitin or a reducing end glucuronic acid type oligochondroitin sulfate, or a salt or derivative thereof according to claim 17~~any one of claims 17 to 19~~.